Competition & access a user perspective

Ewan Sutherland

Executive Director ewan@intug.net

INTUG contents



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INTUG what is INTUG?



- members
 - national associations
 - corporations
 - individuals
- activities
 - ITU and WTO
 - OECD
 - APEC TEL, CITEL and EU

INTUG our aims

- real and effective competition
- genuine choice for users
- lower prices
- higher quality
- constructive co-operation with
 - international bodies
 - governments
 - regulators

INTUG competition and choice

- infrastructure and service-based competition are **both** necessary
- need competitive provision of unbundled elements
 - CPE/handsets
 - networks
 - services and content
- continuing need for independent regulatory intervention

INTUG business demand



- Intranet
- Access networks
- Extranet

each company buying from only a very few suppliers

- city centre offices
- branch plants
- call centres
- remote workers
- mobile workers
- suppliers
- customers
- banks
- governments

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INTUG operators' choices



- fibre to premises
- leased line
- unbundled local loop
- wireless local loop
- xDSL
- ISDN

Driven by availability, quality and cost

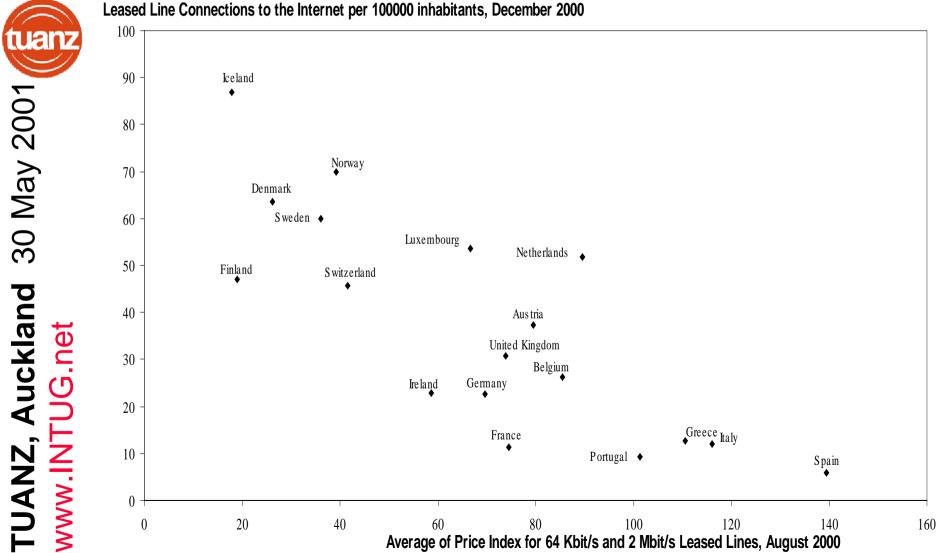
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INTUG leased lines

- market failures
 - pricing
 - non-pricing
- USA leads on
 - prices and discounts
 - geography of availability
 - especially at higher speeds
- EU Competition inquiry
- OECD and EC reports

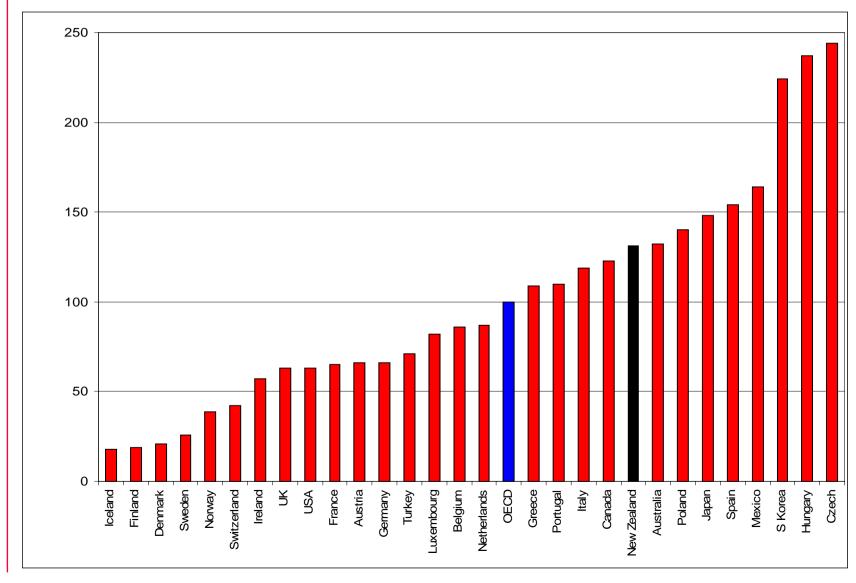
INTUG geography of leased lines

Leased Line Connections to the Internet per 100000 inhabitants, December 2000



INTUG basket of leased line charges





INTUG market failures

- pricing
- discounting
- availability
- quality of service
- coverage

The Last Mile - cannot obtain adequate service in order to link to core network of the competitive carrier.

INTUG geography of competition

- competitive
 - financial districts of largest cities
- non-competitive
 - smaller cities
 - outer suburbs
 - homes
 - farms
- can vary from street to street

INTUG INTUG activities

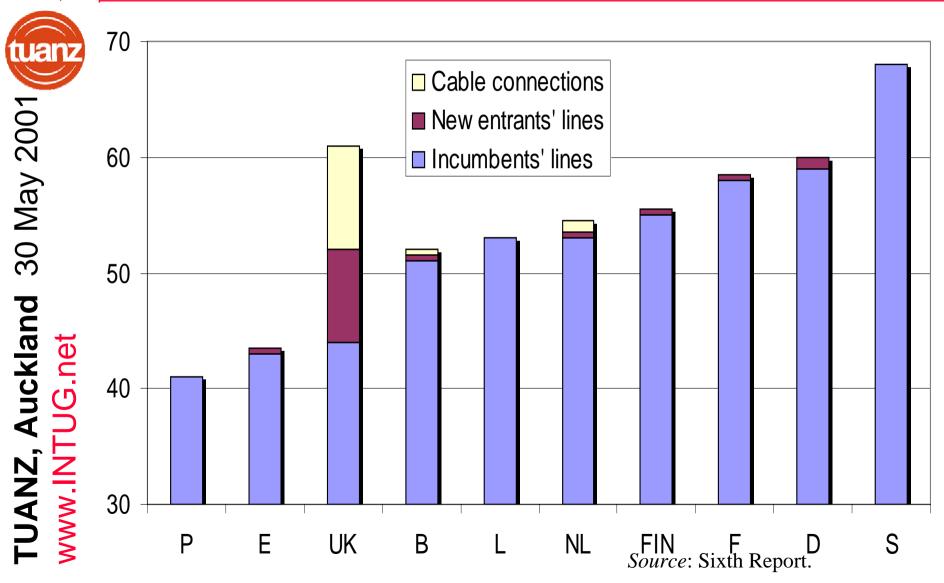
- survey comparing international *versus* national prices
- instigated the EU Competition inquiry
- national association activities
 - Denmark
 - United Kingdom

INTUG subscriber lines

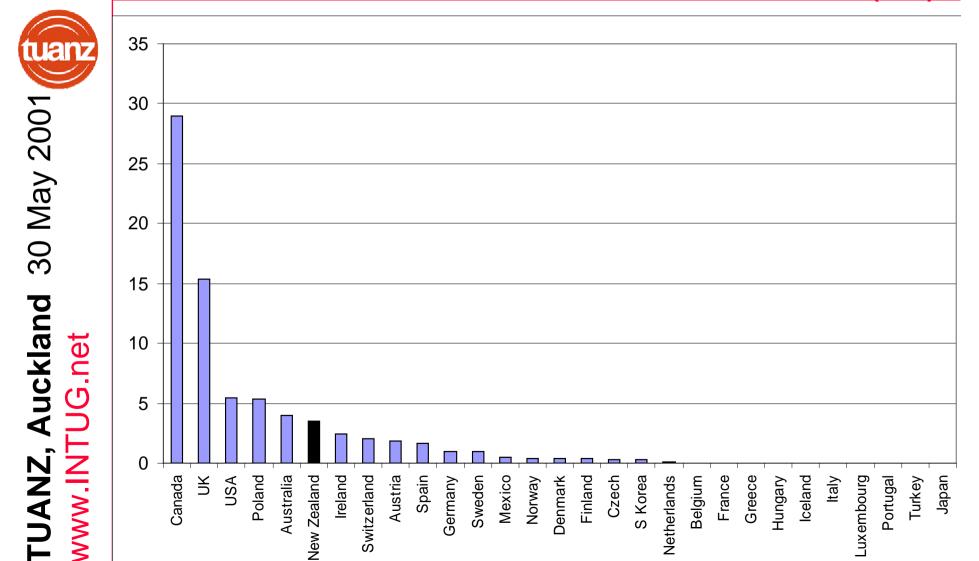


- introduction of competition
- ending the monopoly
- carrier selection
- carrier pre-selection
- number portability
- directory services
- yet still predominantly in the hands of the historic operators

INTUG subscriber lines in EU

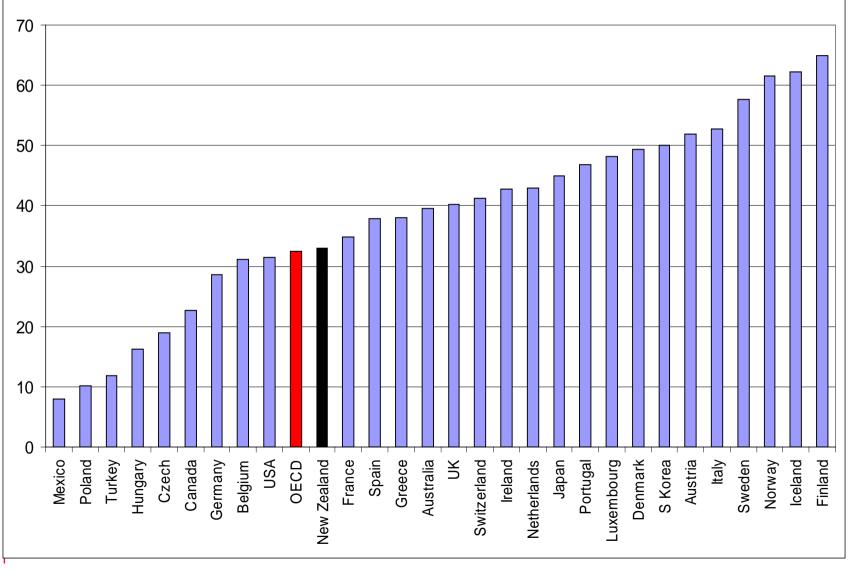


INTUG non-incumbent access lines (%)



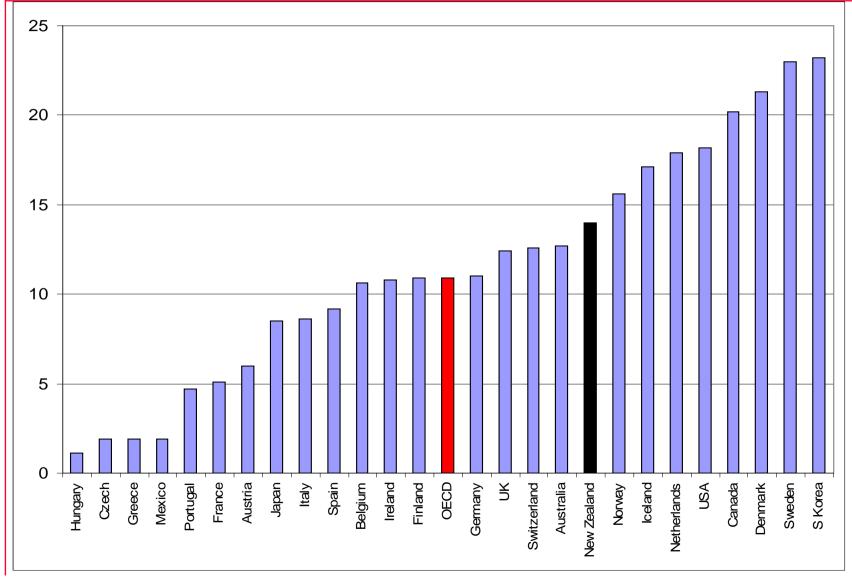
INTUG mobile subscriptions per 100 popn.





INTUG Internet subscribers per 100 inhabitants





INTUG local loop unbundling

- historic operators' response
 - resistance and delay
 - saturation of the market with their own services
- uncertain efficacy of EU Regulation
- need for additional measures by NRAs and governments
- collapse of several operators in USA

INTUG EU Regulation on LLU

- a Communication in March 2000
- political impetus given by the Lisbon Summit in March 2000
- presented to Parliament and Council as a *Regulation* in July 2000
- came into effect 2 January 2001
- supporting document from Independent Regulators Group (IRG)

INTUG monitoring progress

- report to and *tour de table* of the ONP Committee in early February
- report to and *tour de table* of the Telecommunications Council on 5th April
- closely followed by member states, NRAs, new entrants and users

INTUG wireless local loop

- slow allocation process
- different frequencies and technologies
- successes and failures
- knock-on effects of:
 - 3G spectrum allocation
 - dot.com crash
- only a few historic operators have been allowed into WLL market

INTUG allocations - EU



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- Austria
- Belgium
- Denmark
- Finland
- France
- Germany
- Greece

- Ireland
- Italy
- Luxembourg
- Netherlands
- Portugal
- Spain
- Sweden
- UK

Incumbents allocated WLL in Belgium, Greece, Spain & Sweden.

INTUG allocations - OECD



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- Australia
- Canada
- Czech Republic
- Hungary
- Iceland
- Japan
- New Zealand
- South Korea

- Norway
- Poland
- Switzerland
- Turkey
- USA

Incumbent allocated WLL in South Korea.

INTUG lessons from Sri Lanka

- extremely low teledensity
- WLL introduced in order to:
 - to stimulate SLT
 - to open new markets
- doubled the size of the market
- improved quality

INTUG lessons from the USA

- the 1996 Telecommunications Act
- pressure from market entrants
- retreat forced by financial markets
- licences issued by FCC
- Frost & Sullivan predict revenues of US\$842.3 million in 2000
- desire to deploy new technologies (UWB, WLAN 802.11, Bluetooth ...)

INTUG wireless LANs



- IEEE 802.11 (a &b), Wi-Fi, Hyperlan
- "unlicensed" spectrum
 - 2.4 GHz
 - 5.8 GHz
- applications in hotels, airport lounges, motorway service stations, trains, etc
- Starbucks coffee shops

INTUG summary

- persistent market failures in leased lines
- competition law is a very poor tool
- LLU is important but slow
- WLL is a very serious alternative
- leased lines remain a crucial building block

INTUG summary (2)

- collapse of high-tech share prices has stunted competition
- pressing need for new entrants to create and increase competition
- other technologies are appearing, some in unlicensed spectrum